



Sml Marie Antoinette Raw (CLEARANCE)

Product Code	KAI91PARP3
Size per panel	590 x 590 x 18mm
Quantity per square metre	2.9



Marie Antoinette Raw

Product Code	KAI91PMAR
Size per panel	866 x 866 x 18mm
Quantity per square metre	1.3



Marie Antoinette Distressed Brown

Product Code	KAI91001DBR
Size per panel	866 x 866 x 18mm
Quantity per square metre	1.3



Marie Antoinette Distressed Grey

Product Code	KAI91001DGY
Size per panel	866 x 866 x 18mm
Quantity per square metre	1.3



Versailles Distressed Brown

Product Code	KAI91PVDBR (EOL) KAI91003DBR
Size per panel	800 x 800 x 18mm
Quantity per square metre	1.6



Versailles Distressed Charcoal Grey

Product Code	KAI91PVDCCG (EOL) KAI91003DGY
Size per panel	800 x 800 x 18mm
Quantity per square metre	1.6



Versailles Distressed Weathered Oak

Product Code	KAI91PVDWO (EOL)
Size per panel	800 x 800 x 18mm
Quantity per square metre	1.6



Salamanca Border (EOL)

***Limited Stock**

Product Code	KAI91PARB2120
Size per panel	140 x 1200 x 18mm



Calais Border (EOL)

***Limited Stock**

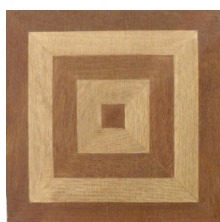
Product Code	KAI91PARB4120
Size per panel	140 x 1200 x 18mm



Laurent Border (EOL)

***Limited Stock**

Product Code	KAI91PARB5120
Size per panel	140 x 1200 x 18mm



Rochelle Corner Piece (CLEARANCE)

***Limited Stock**

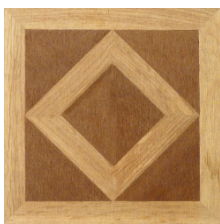
Product Code	KAI91PARSQROC
Size per panel	140 x 140 x18mm



Olivia Corner Piece (CLEARANCE)

***Limited Stock**

Product Code	KAI91PARSQOLIV
Size per panel	140 x 140 x18mm



Diamond Corner Piece (CLEARANCE)

***Limited Stock**

Product Code	KAI91PARSQDIA
Size per panel	140 x 140 x18mm



Orleans Floor Board (EOL)

Smoked White Oak

Product Code	KAI73FB1
Size per panel	2000 x 230 x22mm



Chateau Floor Board

Distressed Brown Oak

Product Code	KAI91FBCHODBR
Size per panel	1800 x 180 x18mm



Chateau Floor Board

Dark Brown Oak (*Limited Stock)

Product Code	KAI91002DBR
Size per panel	1800 x 180 x18mm



Chateau Floor Board

Charcoal Grey Oak

Product Code	KAI91FBCHODCG
Size per panel	1800 x 180 x18mm

Facts: Parquetry Flooring

Parquetry Flooring is recognised for its wonderful creative designs. The designs range from simple patterns to works of art embedded in the floor. Traditionally, parquetry is laid in single blocks, this allows for a large number of designs to be created. The designs can be modified or altered by laying the blocks in 45° or 90° angle.

Borders:

Borders add a decorative feature to parquetry flooring. By applying a contrasting timber to the edging of parquetry, it creates a great effect. Borders are used throughout many homes and businesses. By adding a border to parquetry flooring, it closes the space and is a feature in itself.

Timber:

The timber used in Parquetry Flooring at Schots is Chinese Oak and Jarrah. Chinese Oak is strong, durable and similar to American oak. Chinese Oak is from the top end of China, it has an accentuated grain, which creates character in the flooring. Jarrah is a hard wearing timber and is Australian Grown. The red shade from Jarrah is generally the main material used for pattern work on the flooring because the weight of the colour is noticeable and obvious.

Finishes:

The finish that we use at Schots is Tung Oil. It achieves a more authentic, satin finish. This finish should have an extra coat put on top roughly every six months, to keep it looking great and at its peak.

Polyurethane is found to be the hardest wearing finish for all or most situations. It is also one of the easiest finishes to look after.

Gloss is generally used more often because it is the hardest wearing. Eventually the gloss level begins to wear down a little with age. Recommendations are to have an extra top coat put on roughly every 3 – 5 years, depending how much wear the floor has.

Water based polyurethane is becoming seemingly popular and escalating harder in wear. There is a slight colour variation in water based polyurethane to the spirit base polyurethane. It's rather noticeable and a check before you make a decision is imperative.

If customers would like a different colour finish to their parquetry their polisher can do this for them.

Installation:

If installing over a concrete slab, ensure the concrete is sealed, levelled and moisture free. If needed an appropriate moisture barrier or 5mm thick sheet of Masonite must be used. You can then proceed to glue the parquetry on top of this*.

If the parquetry is being installed over timber it must be sanded smooth and flat. If this cannot be achieved, again a 5mm sheet of Masonite must be used, even over joinery. Then using a good timber adhesive the parquetry can be laid.

*When applying parquetry glue allow trowel glue 7mm beading. Allow 48 hours for glue to set before walking on.

Care & Maintenance:

To keep your floors looking great it is recommended to apply a top coat of finish every so often, depending on the particular finish you have (please see the 'Finishes' section for recommended reapplication). Eventually it is recommended to sand down the existing finish, and completely recoat. Your floors will again look brand new!

Guidelines: Parquetry Flooring

General Characteristics and Suitability:

Wood flooring can be used internally in most rooms except those which are subject to wetting. It is possible to use them in bathrooms, but any spillages must be wiped up immediately. Bath mats etc should not be left on the floor if they are damp. Do not consider using wood floors in areas of high humidity or temperature, or where humidity and temperature can vary greatly. We advise you to consult our sales staff to check areas for suitability.

Appearance:

Wood is a natural material hewn from individual trees and as such varies from batch to batch and pack to pack. A single sample should not therefore be taken as an accurate indication of the colour of a subsequent batch.

Some of our woods are supplied unsealed whilst others are pre-sealed. Our pre-sealed parquetry is supplied with either polyurethane or hard wax oil finish. All samples will be supplied to give an indication of the final colour, width and finish for that particular piece. Unsealed wood will not appear the same as samples, showroom displays, or photographs until oiled.

As with any natural product, direct sunlight may alter the colour of the flooring. Areas of the surface that are covered (for example by furniture and rugs), being out of the sunlight, may not change colour to the same extent. So, if possible, these items should be moved regularly.

Sapwood – Sapwood can appear as either lighter or darker patches in a wood floor. A small quantity of sapwood will be apparent in most orders. This wood is not of an inferior quality.

Knots/checking – Most of our wood floors are carefully selected to offer a range of the naturally occurring characteristics of the tree. Knots will vary in size; larger ones will therefore be filled. Smaller knots can be filled by the fitter if desired.

Oak – Oak has brown heartwood with creamy white sapwood. This beautifully grained wood is characterised by its distinctive flecking. A classic hardwearing and close grained board for a perfect interior.

Specification:

Due to the nature of wood, some variation in size and thickness may occur. The dimensions listed may be subject to minor inaccuracies and are given as a guide only.

All wood flooring is supplied to the nearest whole square metre (always rounding up).

General Installation:

Acclimatisation – All wood floors should be placed in the room in which they are to be fitted at least forty eight hours prior to installation. Some products must be acclimatised for longer periods.

Moisture and humidity – Wood floors are made from ‘living material’ and as such are subject to movement due to seasonal and atmospheric changes. A damp atmosphere will cause the wood to expand and dry conditions will cause the wood to shrink. Shrinkage will create gaps between boards, which is characteristic of wood floors. Excessive variation in humidity can lead to boards distorting in shape and possibly lifting. It is imperative that the site conditions are ‘ideal’ for wood flooring on an ongoing basis.

It is recommended that an expansion gap of 10–15mm be allowed for around the perimeter of the floor area.

Parquet floor panels can be nailed, screwed, or glued in place. If using glue, only use a good quality flexible adhesive.